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Introduction To Set Theory Hrbacek

Set theory: An introduction to large cardinals (em inglês). Amsterdam: North-Holland HRBACEK, Karen; JECH, Thomas (1999). Introduction to set theory (em inglês) 3a. ed. New York: Marcel Dekker JECH, Thomas (2006). Set theory (em inglês) 3a. ed. Berlim: Springer. ISBN 3-540-44085-2

Número cardinal - Wikipédia, a enciclopédia livre

Synthetic differential geometry or smooth infinitesimal analysis have roots in category theory. This approach departs from the classical logic used in conventional mathematics by denying the general applicability of the law of excluded middle - i.e., not ($a \neq b$) does not have to mean $a = b$. A nilsquare or

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nilpotent infinitesimal can then be defined. This is a number x where $x^2 = 0$ is true ...

Infinitesimal - Wikipedia

In mathematics, an equivalence relation is a binary relation that is reflexive, symmetric and transitive. The relation is equal to is the canonical example of an equivalence relation.. Each equivalence relation provides a partition of the underlying set into disjoint equivalence classes. Two elements of the given set are equivalent to each other if and only if they belong to the same equivalence ...

Equivalence relation - Wikipedia

□□ □ □□ □ General set theory □ □□□□. □□□□; □□□-□□□□. □□□□-□□□□-□□□□. Morse–Kelley □ □□ □ Morse–Kelley set theory □ □□□□-□□□□□ □ □□ □ Kripke–Platek set theory □ □□□-□□□□□□ □ □□ □ Tarski–Grothendieck set theory □

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